

JONATHAN WATERBURY GENEALOGY

ANCESTRY AND SOME OF THE
DESCENDANTS OF
JONATHAN WATERBURY
OF
NASSAU, NEW YORK
(1766-1825)

With Incidental Matter Concerning the Origin of the Waterbury
Family and its Early History in Europe and America and
Notes on the Descendants of Joseph Waterbury (1778-1829)
of Nassau, N. Y. and Roger Morey (1610-1669) of Providence,
R. I.

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Some of the Early Waterburys of Connecticut

(1) **JOHN WATERBURY**, the early settler at Watertown, Mass., and progenitor of the American family of the name, was born in Sudbury, Suffolk County, England in December, 1621, the son of William and Alice Waterbury of that place who left England for America on board the "Eagle" (afterwards renamed the "Arabella") in 1629-1630 but who are supposed to have later returned to England as after a few years no trace is found of them in America and there is no record of their deaths here.

The parish registers of All Saints Church in Sudbury reveal a series of baptisms covering the decade between 1619 and 1629 of the children of William Waterbury, who was later to emigrate to America, possibly with several of his children, but of whom seemingly only the eldest son, John, was to survive or remain there permanently. William and Alice in 1630, probably had at least five children living, all under 15 years of age. Some of these children may have been left behind in England with relatives when the journey to America was made. If so a reason for the early return of William and Alice to England is suggested. It is possible that after establishing themselves in Massachusetts that they returned to England for the other children and either died on ship board or soon after landing in England as further traces of them there have not been found in England.

The parish registers* referred to in the preceding paragraph disclose baptisms as follows—:

- July 25, 1619, Rachell, daughter of William Waterbury
- December 30, 1621, John, son of William Waterberrie
- February 29, 1624, Mary, daughter of William Waterbery
- **February 26, 1626, William, son of William Waterbery
- August 9, 1627, William, son of William Waterbury
- September 20, 1629, Samuel, son of William Waterbury

That there were other families of Waterburys resident in Sudbury at about the time that William and Alice left for America with whom some of their children might have been left is indicated from the extant records which show the marriage of John Waterburys and Anne Shelton to have taken place there November 1, 1614. This John was a brother of William Waterbury the emigrant to America. There are various extant records of others with

*New England Historical and Genealogical Register, Vol. 66, Pages 177-8.

**Records of the same parish show that this son, William, was buried October 15, 1626, opening the way for the next son born in the following year also to be named William, in accordance with a practice then frequently prevailing.

this surname resident at Sudbury from about 1585 down appearing in the civil records as well as in those of the church***.

After landing in Boston, William and Alice Waterbury took up their residence in the nearby settlement of Watertown, Mass. There their names appear upon the membership rolls of the church as having been the 35th and 36th members to unite with it. It is suggested that when William and Alice left for England that they may have left John (1) in the temporary custody of the Lockwood family, then neighbors, pending their own anticipated but thwarted return and that it was in this manner that John's romance with Rose Lockwood developed.

Whatever the fate of William and Alice, American records show John Waterbury domiciled at Watertown, Mass., married and probably with one child by 1639. If, as is supposed to be the case, he had accompanied his parents and Governor Winthrop to America and they returned home, he at least elected to remain in America. He became the common ancestor of all American possessors of the surname whose family residence in America dates back to Colonial lines. His wife was Rose Lockwood, a member of the English family of that name which had settled at Watertown, Mass., in 1630. Nothing definite has been established as to the time and place of their marriage.

Doubtless influenced by the fact that so many persons were leaving Massachusetts for the new settlements recently established in Connecticut, John Waterbury sold his house and eight acres of land October 15, 1646, to Robert Pierce of Watertown and he left for his new home in Connecticut. He went first to Wethersfield, but soon thereafter, possibly influenced by a quarrel that developed in the Wethersfield Church, removed to Stamford, where he continued to make his home until his death in 1658. He was a land-owner in Stamford as early as 1650.

John Waterbury (1) became one of the leading citizens of Stamford Colony and one of its largest land-holders. Existing records show his interest and activity along many lines for the upbuilding and improvement of the community. He was prominently identified with the church and the government of that period. He served in the Connecticut Colonial legislature for several years before his death while still a young man of 37 years.

After his death his widow, Rose (Lockwood), Waterbury, married May 11, 1659, Joseph Garnsey. To them was born one son, Joseph Garnsey, born at Stamford, June 30, 1662. The sons of John Waterbury, it appears from records, deeded over to their mother the homestead property that had been their father's.

The children of John and Rose (Lockwood) Waterbury were:

***For further references relating to the Waterbury family in England, see the chapter on "The Waterbury Family in England."

Second Generation

(2) I Rachel Parcott, born at Watertown, Mass., in 1639; married March 11, 1659, John Holmes of Stamford, Conn. Their children were: 1. John Holmes, b., October 8, 1660; 2. Mary Holmes, b., 25 September, 1662; 3. Stephen Holmes, b. 4 January, 1664; 4. Rachel Holmes, b. 7 December, 1669; 5. John Holmes, b. 18 October, 1670.

(3) II Sarah, born at Watertown, Mass., in 1646, m., May 10, 1666, Zachariah Dibble of Stamford, Conn., July 14, 1666; he received 40 pounds in money as the share of his wife in the estate of her deceased father. They had one child, Zachariah Dibble, born 19 December, 1667. She divorced the elder Zachariah and later m. Nicholas Webster of Stamford, who died 12 August, 1687. Their children were 1. 1. John Webster; 2. David Webster; 3. Rachel Webster.

(4) III John, born at Stamford in 1650.

(5) IV Jonathan, born at Stamford, 1653.

(6) V David, born at Stamford, 1655.

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(4) **JOHN WATERBURY**, eldest son of John (1) and Rose (Lockwood) Waterbury was born in Stamford, Conn., 1650. He served in King Phillips War and in recognition of that act the Stamford town meeting of September 22, 1676, enacted as follows: "The town agrees that all those soldiers that went out upon service out of Stamford against the common enemy should have land of the town, namely all that did service."

In carrying this resolution into effect the town then voted land to John Waterbury and various others named.

John died November 28, 1688, leaving a will proved December 11, 1688, in which he names his wife, Mary, and their children. He makes his brothers, Jonathan and David, "overseers" of his children until the latter should come of age. The will was witnessed by Jonathan Bell and Joseph Bishop. The will makes bequest "of my now dwelling house and orchard" to his wife for her use while she remains a widow after which these were to return to his sons, John, David and Thomas, and to his daughter, Mary.

The last name of Mary, the wife of this John, is not known. Their children were:

Third Generation

(7) I Mary, born 20 March, 1679, m. 4 February, 1700, Jonathan Slasson, b. 25 July, 1670, son of John Slasson of Stamford. Their children were: 1. Abigail Slasson b. 8 March, 1701; 2. Mary Slasson, b. 20 January, 1704.

(8) II John, b. 30 October, 1682; d. May 28, 1744.

(9) III David, b. 24 January, 1684.

(10) IV Thomas, b. 12 May, 1687.

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(5) **JONATHAN WATERBURY**, fourth child of John (1) Waterbury of Watertown, Mass., and Stamford, Conn., and

Rose (Lockwood) Waterbury, was born at Stamford, Conn., in 1653. He died there January 14, 1702.

In 1687 the First Church of Christ, Stamford, voted "that Jonathan Waterbury be ordered to sit in the forepew of the meet-house," a position of honor and distinction.

In the list of names of those who received in 1699, assignment of land by lot in Stamford, his name appears among those as having received a lot. He is listed in 1701 as having 100 pounds (Sterling) estate in January of that year. He married about 1676 Eunice _____, Their children, all born at Stamford, Conn., were:

Third Generation

- (11) I Sarah, b. August 13, 1677; m. Benjamin Mead, b. May 1666, May 10, 1700. He died February 27, 1746.
 (12) II Eunice, b. October 7, 1679; d. May 24, 1710; m. December 11, 1707, Richard Higginbotham, who d. November 22, 1731.
 (13) III Rose, b. January 21, 1681; d. before 1702 unmarried.
 (14) IV Rachel, b. Aug. 26, 1684, d. before 1702, unmarried.
 (15) V Jonathan, b. February 9, 1686; d. May 30, 1765; m. January 21, 1718, Sarah, daughter of Jonathan Mead of Greenwich, Conn., b. October 11, 1691. They had four daughters and one son, Jonathan (b. August 17, 1760.). (For list see Mead's *Historie of Greenwich, Conn.*)
 (16) VI Abigail, b. July 1, 1688; d. October 7, 1729; m. January 29, 1707, John Newman.
 (17) VII Joseph, b. January 26, 1691; d. 1751; m. 1st, Hannah Fountaine. Had a daughter by first wife and ten children by second. (For a list of these, see S. P. Mead's *Historie of Greenwich.*)
 (18) VIII Benjamin, b. September 12, 1694; m. January 12, 1727, Mary, daughter of Jonathan Mead of Greenwich, Conn., May 22, 1704. They had seven children. (For a list see as above.)

(6) **DAVID WATERBURY**, fifth and last child of John and Rose (Lockwood) Waterbury of Watertown, Mass., and Stamford, Conn., was born in Stamford about 1655 and died there November 20, 1706. He fought with the rank of lieutenant in King Phillips War and with others in recognition of services in this war received a house lot, a town minute of Stamford recording: "September 26, 1676, the town agrees that all those soldiers that went out upon service out of Stamford against the common enemy shall have land of the town, namely all that did service." David is listed among those who received land.

A surrender of land for the purpose of increasing the limits of Stamford was signed by the Indians, December 23, 1680, Joshua Knapp and Lieutenant David Waterbury being witnesses. On March 16, 1693, we find David Waterbury appointed a member of a committee of the Stamford church "to treat with Mr. Davenport as minister, etc."

In the assignment of lots in 1699, David Waterbury and his son are each recorded as having received one. In the appraisal of estates in the town in 1701 David's is listed as 103 pounds, 10S 9d. March 5, 1700 he was appointed with Jonathan Selleck, Jr., and Elisha Holly "to report on a place at Stony Brook for Mr. Bates to set a fulling mill as he wishes leave to do." At the same town meeting Lieutenant David Waterbury and David Scofield, Sr., were named "sheep masters to take care of ye flock."

When July 8, 1702, "a voto was passed to build a new meeting house next fall, 50 feet square of customary heighth where the pound stand," Lieutenant Waterbury and others were constituted the building committee.

Lieutenant David Waterbury was twice married, his first wife being Hannah, daughter of William Newman, born October 29, 1657, and his second wife being Sarah Weed, whom he married August 11, 1698. The children of Lieutenant David and Hannah (Newman) Waterbury were:

Third Generation

- (19) I John b. January 25, 1682.
 - (20) II Elizabeth, b. January 19, 1684.
 - (21) III Sarah, b. January 10, 1685; m. January 20, 1704, Jonas Weed of Norroton, Conn., who died November 19, 1714, leaving a son, Jonas, b. December 24, 1704.
- Children of Lieutenant David and Sarah (Weed) Waterbury were:
- (22) IV Ruth, b. January 3, 1799.
 - (23) V David, b. October 9, 1701.
 - (24) VI Ebenezer, b. December, 1704; killed by falling tree, March 7, 1721.
 - (25) VII Mercy, b. January 27, 1706; m. David Selleck, January 3, 1722.

(19) **JOHN WATERBURY**, first child of Lieutenant David (6) and Hannah (Newman) Waterbury was born in Stamford, Conn., January 25, 1682. He died there January 20, 1736. He married there December 4, 1710, Susannah Newkirk. Their children were:

Fourth Generation

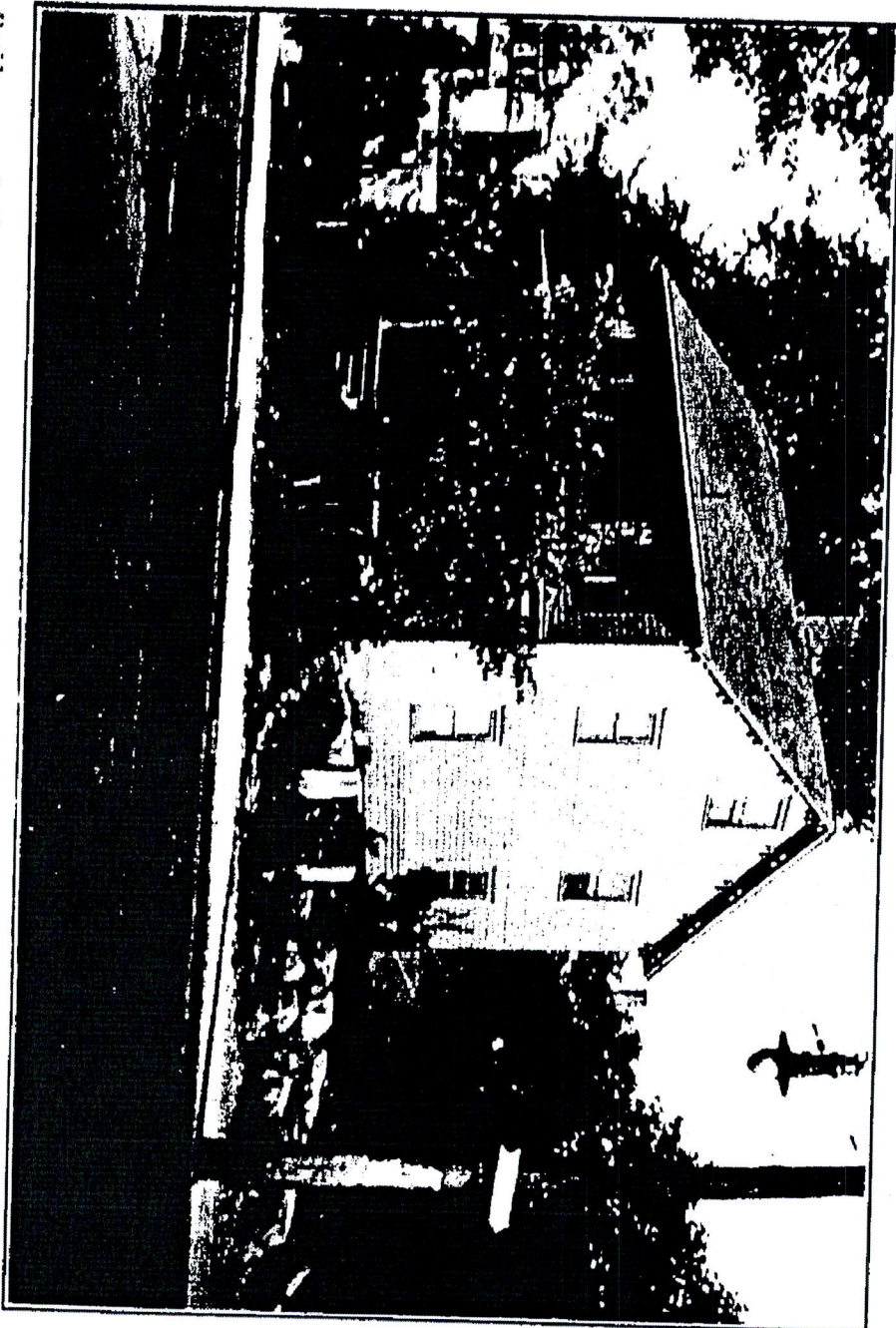
- (20) I Hannah, b. April 1, 1712.
- (21) II Susannah, b. December 17, 1714.
- (22) III John, b. December 21, 1718.
- (23) IV Sarah, b. February 3, 1720.
- (24) V David, b. February 12, 1722.
- (25) VI Sarah, b. 1724.
- (26) VII Peter, b. November 8, 1726.
- (27) VIII Isaac, b. 1728; m. February 4, 1751; Thankful Scofield of Bedford, N. Y.
- (28) IX Elizabeth, b. 1730.
- (29) X Mary, b. 1732.
- (30) XI Sylvanus, b. September 24, 1735.

(24) **DAVID WATERBURY**, son of John Waterbury (19) (b. January 25, 1682), and Sussannah (Newkirk) Waterbury was b. at Stamford, Conn., February 12, 1722. He was to attain in the Revolutionary war a rank in the service higher than any other citizen of the old town of Stamford which embraced much more territory than the modern town.

In early life David Waterbury saw much of the sea, his home overlooking Long Island Sound, and his knowledge of the sea, ship building and control were later to serve him in good stead in connection with his Revolutionary service as we have already seen from his connection with the preparations for the fleet which met defeat at the Battle of Valcour Island but none the less served the American cause to great purpose by holding the British forces from Canada idle for the whole summer of the critical year of 1776 thereby undoubtedly saving the American cause.

This David Waterbury at various times designated himself as David Waterbury, Jr., apparently to distinguish himself from his paternal grandfather (6) in the minds of those who knew of both and sometimes David Waterbury 3rd, to differentiate himself from that first David Waterbury (6), (b. 1655), who was the son of John Waterbury (1), the progenitor of the family, and from David's (24) father's (19) own cousin, David (9). Those who care to pursue their reading into source history will do well to bear this fact in mind as some persons have been led astray by these differences in the form of signature of David Waterbury (24).

Already a seasoned veteran of the French and Indian Wars in which he participated in six campaigns in which he gained distinction for himself and promotion to the rank of Major, David Waterbury was early among those who answered the country's call which came shortly after the Battle of Lexington. In 1775 he accompanied General Montgomery to Montreal and Quebec undergoing the hardships of that rigorous march and its accompanying sieges, at the head of his regiment which he commanded and which was the most considerable command in size that accompanied the expedition. In 1776 his regiment was the first to enter New York city to take measures for its protection against the threatened British landing, and later in the same year, designated by the Connecticut General Court to command the battalions it authorized raised to re-enforce the army in Canada as Brigadier General of the Connecticut militia he led his forces up the Hudson to Albany where at the request of General Philip Schuyler, he took over the work of supervising the construction of a part of the American fleet, which was to endeavor to stop on Lake Champlain the advance of the British army from Canada under Sir Guy Carleton in that year. While he was engaged in this task, his command was temporarily transferred to other hands.



Residence, as it appears today of Brigadier General David H. Atterbury (24) in Stamford. Here the General Occupied it after the Close of the Revolution. The House Formerly Stood on Another Foundation, the Stones of which appear in the Picture. Its Appearance has Altered with the Passage of Time. It Now Stands Near a Cool Yard and is Occupied by a Polish Family.

Taken prisoner at the Battle of Valcour Island at which he was the second in command under Benedict Arnold, because Arnold would not hear to the judgment of General Waterbury that it was best that he should put ashore and save his men while there was time and opportunity, General David was, while on parole, taken out of the war's activities for more than three years, until his exchange could be, as requested by General Schuyler, and finally was, arranged for*. At the close of the period of active fighting in the north, the war found General David under General Washington joining up at Dobbs Ferry for the then contemplated march against the British in New York City with his brigade of Connecticut militia which had been protecting the Connecticut sea coast for the past year. General Waterbury was under orders to effect a juncture with the French troops advancing across Connecticut via, Newtown, Conn., and then to move up to a designated location by a specified route. Before the final movements had been completed, receipt by Washington of important news from Virginia had determined him to abandon the campaign against New York and to hurry to Virginia with a large part of his force against the British which was to result in Cornwallis' surrender and bring on the termination of the war.

After the war General David returned to his Stamford farm and peaceful pursuits once again. Following the war he served 23 successive terms as representative of Stamford in the Connecticut legislature. He died June 29, 1801, at Stamford.

Withal, he must have been a modest man for no likeness of him was ever made, or at least none has been preserved until this time, if one was ever existent, the Fergusson Library of Stamford advised in 1929.

General David Waterbury married May 15, 1758, Mary Maltby, who had been born in 1733. She died November 7, 1810. Their children were:

Fifth Generation

- (25) I. William, b. October 10, 1765; d. January 10, 1842.
- (26) II Molly, b. January 1, 1769; died September 24, 1795, unmarried.

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(8) **LIEUTENANT JOHN WATERBURY**, second child of John (4) and Mary Waterbury of Stamford, Conn., was born there 30 October, 1682, and he died there 22 May, 1744. His title of lieutenant was gained in serving with the Connecticut Militia in

*The delay in effecting General Waterbury's Exchange for a British officer of equal rank kept General Waterbury out of active fighting in the important campaigns of 1777 and following and, quite conceivably, may have prevented him from serving his country as effectively and conspicuously as it would have seemed his military experience fitted him to do.

the Colonial wars. He married first, 16 January, 1707, Sarah, daughter of Stephen Holmes, who died 1 August, 1709; he m. 2nd, Hannah, daughter of Nathaniel Cross, 30 November, 1710. She was born 23 July, 1687, and died 2 March, 1756. The children of John and Sarah (Holmes) Waterbury were:

Fourth Generation

- (27) I John, b. 17 December, 1707; d. 28 January, 1708.
 (28) II Sarah, b. 26 July, 1709; d. 25 November, 17—.
 The child of Lieutenant John Waterbury and Hannah Cross, was:
 (29) III John, b. 5 December, 1711.

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(9) **DAVID WATERBURY**, the third child of John (4) and Mary Waterbury, was born 24 January, 1684, at Stamford, Conn. He died there 14 June, 1710, aged 26 years. He married 10 April, 1707. Waitstill Green, b. November 26, 1685, the daughter of Joseph and Elizabeth Green of Stamford. The child of David and Waitstill (Green) Waterbury was:

Fourth Generation

- (30) I David, b. in Stamford, Conn., in 1708.
 After David Waterbury's death Waitstill (Green) Waterbury married Stephen Bishop, 4 June, 1713. She died, 5 July, 1730.

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(30) **DAVID WATERBURY**, son of David (9) and Waitstill (Green) Waterbury, was born in Stamford, Conn., in 1708, an only son. This David (30) married 22 December, 1730, Mary Bouton of Stamford, belonging to a family of French Huguenots, who had early settled (1651) in Norwalk, Conn. Mary Bouton was born 26 May, 1691. She was the daughter of John Bouton and the latter's second wife, Abigail Marvin*.

It is claimed that the Bouton-Boughton Family has a traditional record or history, dating back to the Fifth Century when ancient history tells us that the clans or tribes of Gauls inhabited the country bordering on the river Rhone, and extending from Lake Geneva to the Mediterranean Sea, but that they were more particularly identified with the Visigoth Clan, the head of the Salian tribe under King Hilderi, A. D., 481, who at his death left his son Clovis, King of the tribe.

From this period, during the reign of Clovis, wars for conquest were frequent occurrences; the Franks from the north making attacks upon the Southern Gauls, were successfully resisted by Clovis, and Syragrius, a Roman usurper, was defeated and his people subjugated by Clovis, who made himself popular with his subjugated subjects by favoring their bishops, and by marrying Holi-

*See Genealogy of Bouton and Boughton Family.

helde (Clotilde.), the niece (or as some historians say) the daughter of the King of Burgundy, a Christian.

Clovis promised his wife that if her God, whose aid he invoked during the battle of Tolbiac, should give him success, then he would embrace her religion, which he subsequently did and was baptised into the Christian faith, and his example was generally followed by his people.

The Ancient Bouton Shield, or Coat of Arms, had the following motto on the ground work of perpendicular lines: "De Gules a la Fasce d'Or." which in Old French, translators say implies,— "a force as of a Leopard when it attacks with its red mouth open."

To the Dictionnaire des Generaux Francais, the compiler is indebted for the following account which was furnished by William S. Bouton, Esq., of South Norwalk, Conn**:

"From A. D., 1350, the military records abound with the Bouton name for two centuries. Nicholas Bouton, who bore the title of Count Chamilly, Baron Montague de Naton, born, as is supposed, about 1580, and was the father of Hararl and John (who were twins), and Noel Bouton, who were Huguenots and refugees during the violent persecutions of the Protestants by the Roman Catholics during the predominance of the Guises in France at which time many were slaughtered and many escaped to the fastnesses of the surrounding mountains where subsistence was almost impossible.

"At length the intolerance of the Roman Catholic bigots was overcome and the refugees, many, returned, among whom were the aforesaid Boutons.

"Noel distinguished himself and was the Marquis de Chamilly, and was subsequently made Marshal of all France, and a life size portrait of him was placed in the gallery of French Nobles at Versailles, France, where it is still to be seen.

"The French historian speaking of the Boutons says that, "it is accorded to a noble ancestry that the proclivity for patriotism, education and religion is seen in the race all down the ages."

After their marriage, David (30) and Mary (Bou.on) Waterbury made their home near Norwalk, Conn. David Waterbury (30) was in 1732 a member of the New Canaan Church, his name being contained on the list of Stamford members paying church dues in New Canaan in that year.*

The children of David and Mary (Bouton) Waterbury were:

**See Genealogy of Bouton and Boughton Family.

*Huntington's History of Stamford' (Page 144).

Fifth Generation

- (31) I Mary, b. 5 September, 1731.
 (32) II Hannah, b. 4 February, 1733.
 (33) III. David, b. 16 December, 1735; served as Captain in Revolution and served in the French and Indian War as an officer. He m. December 16, 1761, Martha (Wait) Hoyt.
 (34) IV Gideon (or Gidora) 26 December, 1737; served as Ensign in Revolution.
 (35) V Mercy, b. 15 February, 1739.
 (36) VI Daniel, b. 15 February, 1742; served as Lieutenant in Revolution.
 (37) VII Abigail, b. 14 May, 1743.
 (38) VIII. Prudence, b. 12 February, 1751, probably m. Daniel Gray of Stamford, November 15, 1765. They had a daughter, Mary Gray, b. May 18, 1767.

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(33) **DAVID WATERBURY**, third child of Captain David (30) and Mary (Bouton) Waterbury was born in Stamford, Conn., December 27, 1735. His parents were residents of that part of the old town of Stamford which is now known as Darien, Conn. They had been married December 22, 1730. The family attended church at the New Canaan Church upon the records of which appear the records of the births and marriages of many members of the family.

David (33) as a young man saw active service in the French and Indian War, although with what units and in what ranks can not at this time be definitely stated beyond possibility of dispute. It is traditionary among his great grandchildren, however, that he was a commissioned officer during this war and the sword which he carried in the war is in the possession of his great grandson, Frederick B. Waterbury of Chicago, Ill.

David (33) also served in the Revolution as a captain in one of the companies of Colonel Henry Luddington's Regiment of Dutchess County militia. His military record has been more extensively treated in the chapters of this work relating to the Revolutionary service and experience of members of the Waterbury family.

About 1760 David (33) near the time of his second marriage is found living in the vicinity of Salem, Westchester County, N. Y. It has been suggested that he may have received a land grant there for services rendered in the French and Indian War. At any rate the record of his second marriage, and of the baptisms of most of his children by the second marriage appear upon the records of the Church of Christ, Salem, Westchester County, N. Y., during the next few succeeding years.

Near the close of the Revolution David (33) went further up the Hudson River and became one of the earliest settlers in what is the modern town of Nassau, N. Y., settling near Central Nassau. He became one of the prominent men of the town and

held many town offices in early days as is revealed by extant records. Soon after he took up his residence there his brother, Daniel (36) and several of the latter's sons as well as David's (33) own sons and their families took up their residence in the vicinity. David died January 20, 1808 and his remains were interred in what is modernly known as the Central Nassau Cemetery.

David (33) was married twice, his first wife, Mary Prue Smith, who with her husband was received into membership in the Church of Christ, Salem, Westchester County, N. Y., February 1, 1756, bore but one child:

() I. Polley Mary, b. September 4, 1757, christened at Church of Christ, Salem. She married Jesse Nichols and died in Nassau, N. Y. Mary the mother of Polley or Polly, died in Connecticut and never removed to Nassau, N. Y.

David (33) had for his second wife, Martha Wait Hoyt, whom he married December 16, 1761. The children of David, Jr., and Martha Hoyt were:

- () I. Enos, b. May 1, 1763.
- () II. Mercy, b. October 7, 1764.
- () III. David, b. February 23, 1766.
- () IV. *Ezra, b. March 6, 1768 (married Mary Brown).
- () V. John, b. 1770, baptism not recorded at Church of Christ.
- () VI. William, b. July 20, 1772 (baptized September 16, 1772).
- () VII. **Stephen, b. May 4, 1779, (married Lois Husted).
- () VIII. **Samuel, b. May 4, 1779.
- () IX. Martha
- () X. Lewis (born about 1783) married Phebe Blomey (or Bluney).
- () XI. Phebe.

*Grandfather of Miss Deborah Waterbury living at Central Nassau, N. Y., in October, 1928, when Edwin M. and Marie L. Waterbury of Oswego, N. Y., called on her and had dinner with her. She was then 89 years old but in full possession of all faculties.

**Stephen and Samuel were baptized on same date at Church of Christ, Salem, but were not twins. The last three named children of David and Martha Hoyt were baptized at Nassau, N. Y., but all listed above were born at or near Salem except Phebe, who was born in Nassau. The dates given above were the baptismal records taken from the Church of Christ records with the exception of the date of John's birth. Stephen was born December 22, 1777.

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(36) **DANIEL WATERBURY**, the third son and sixth child of David (30) and Mary (Bouton) Waterbury was born 15 February, 1742, within the confines of the old town of Stamford, Conn., which originally embraced what are now several other Connecticut towns and also the towns of Bedford and Pound Ridge now by a shifting of boundary lines which took place before the Revolutionary War located in the county of Westchester, N. Y. All this territory is contiguous and even in early days was closely knit together by a system of roadways and the economic interests of the day. Whether or not David (30) and Mary (Bouton) Waterbury had lived in the Westchester County territory or merely in proximity thereto while residing in the neighboring town of Norwalk, Conn., is not definitely known with the probabilities favoring the latter conclusion. As a boy he attended church with

his parents at the New Canaan Church, where they held membership.

As early as 1756, at any rate, the existing records disclose that David Waterbury (33), a son of the pair just named, was living sufficiently near to what is now Salem, Westchester County, N. Y., so that he elected to unite with his wife (Mary) with the Church of Christ there*. Less than five years later, his younger brother Daniel (36) was living in the vicinity as is evidenced by the record of his marriage March 19, 1761, to Ann or Anna Bouton which appears upon the records of the Church of Christ, Salem, as of that date. The records of the baptisms of the children of both David (33) and Daniel (36) and several other families of Waterburys resident in the vicinity soon begin appearing upon the records of the same church.

Ann Bouton belonged to the same general family of Bouton which held in membership Mary Bouton, who had married David Waterbury (30), 22 December, 1730, to become the mother of this Daniel (36). Mary Bouton, Daniel Waterbury's mother, was the daughter of John Bouton, Sr., and Abigail (Marvin) Bouton, the latter being a second wife. John Bouton, Sr., was a son of John Bouton, who came to America on the "Assurance" in 1635. The latter was a son of Count Nicholas Bouton, a French Huguenot. The son left France to avoid religious persecution, going first to England then coming to America, where he arrived when 20 years old. He lived in Boston and at Watertown, Mass., and later at Hartford, Conn. In 1651 he moved to Norwalk, Conn., where his wife, Joan, died. He became an influential citizen of the place. He was representative of the town in the Connecticut General Court for several years following 1671. Abigail Marvin, mother of Mary Bouton, was the daughter of Matthew Marvin of London, England. She was born in Hartford, Conn., in 1640, and died at Norwalk, Conn., about 1672.

Besides David Waterbury (33) and Daniel Waterbury (36) who married members of the Bouton family, Stephen Waterbury affiliated with this same general branch of the family, married November 15, 1843, Cornelia E. Bouton, who was born in Stamford, Conn. The Genealogy of the Bouton (or Boughton) family gives information concerning these marriages.

The Ann Bouton who married Daniel Waterbury (36) at the Church of Christ, Salem, Westchester County, N. Y., was a daughter of John 3rd and Mary (Petitt) Bouton. She was born October 16, 1738, the records of her birth appearing upon the church books of the church at New Canaan, Conn.

Daniel Waterbury (36) was Ensign in a company of Minute Men enrolled in Westchester County at the opening of the Revolution. Members of these units were men who stood pledged to leave

*See records of Church of Christ, Salem, Westchester County, N. Y.

their homes and work on an instant's notice whenever their country's call for service came. Later he was made first a second lieutenant and later a first lieutenant. He served in the Third Regiment of Westchester County Militia under Col. Pierre Van Cortlandt.

Lieut. Daniel Waterbury's (36) elder brother, Captain David Waterbury (33) had gone to the vicinity of modern Nassau, N. Y. (Stephentown) about the time of the close of the Revolution and there became one of the pioneer permanent settlers of the region and one of its foremost men and early town officers. Apparently either word he brought or sent back, coupled with other considerations, determined Lieut. Daniel Waterbury and some of his sons to leave the Westchester County region where they have been residing and to remove to the same locality. The change seems to have been made sometime between 1787 and 1789 and by 1790 most of Lieut. Daniel's family were resident in that vicinity with the exception of his son, John (37) who remained in Pound Ridge.

In Rensselaerwick where Daniel Waterbury (36) and several of his sons and daughters settled upon removing from Westchester County, the family resided near the modern town of Schdoac, a short distance from the modern Central Nassau, where Daniel's brother, David (33) had been one of the first settlers. Daniel's farm was only about 10 miles from the present city of Troy, N. Y. He died there March 15, 1798. His body was buried on the farm.

The children of Daniel (36) and Ann (Bouton) Waterbury, all of whom were born at or near Salem, N. Y. were:

Sixth Generation

(37) I John, baptized May 8, 1763; m. Elizabeth Ferris 11 April, 1782. Continued to make home in vicinity of Pound Ridge and probably died there about 1819 when the will of John Waterbury was proven*. John had seven children, all daughters.

(38) II Daniel, baptized 27 September, 1764; m. Mary Stevens, b. 20 May, 1765, at Salem, Westchester County, N. Y., 9 November, 1786. Later they removed to Rensselaerwick, Albany County, where they were living in 1790. Daniel, Jr., later removed to Andes, N. Y., where he died 5 October, 1847, aged 83 years, two months and 12 days. His wife died 18 December 1838, aged 73 years, six months and 28 days. They had 11 children. (See 38 below).

(39) III Jonathan, born March 6, 1766, baptized May 25, 1766.

(40) IV. Hannah, b. November 9, 1758; baptized 7 May, 1769; m. December 28, 1786, Peter Fancher of Pound Ridge at Church of Christ, Salem, December 28, 1786. Afterwards removed with her husband to Nassau vicinity, where they were living at Schodac in 1801 in the same district with Jonathan (39) Waterbury. They had two children then, and eventually seven boys and three girls**. She died at Berne, N. Y., July 8, 1853.

(41) V Anna, baptized 20 November, 1771. Removed with parents to Rensselaerwick and living there in 1790. She married Joel Valentine and bore 11 children.

(42) VI David, baptized 4 June, 1773. Removed to Rensselaerwick with his parents. Went to sea and was probably shipwrecked as he was never heard from again.

*Westchester County Wills.

(43) VII. Mercy, baptized April 30, 1775; removed with parents to Rensselaerwick, and was living at home in 1790. Married Nicholas Huontin eight children, four boys, four girls, Pound Ridge, N. Y.

(44) VIII. Joseph, *** born October 14, 1778. He had nine children. (See 44 below.) He was living in 1824 when Jonathan Waterbury made his will on farm at Nassau that had belonged to their father, Daniel Waterbury (20). He died in Nassau, N. Y., March 29, 1829.

(45) IX. Betsey, born at _____; married Noah Stephens. They had seven sons.

—o—

(38) DANIEL WATERBURY, Jr., son of Daniel (36) and Ann (Bouton) Waterbury was born near Salem, Westchester County, N. Y., July 25, 1764. He continued to reside there through the period of the Revolution, in which he served with the Westchester Militia.

Following his marriage to Mary Stevens at the Church of Christ, Salem, Westchester County, N. Y., November 9, 1786, he removed to Rensselaerwick, Albany County, New York, where his father (36) and brother, Jonathan (39), and other members of his father's family also removed, his uncle, Captain David Waterbury (33) having been one of the earlier settlers of the locality to which several members of the family now removed. Daniel, Jr.'s sister, Mrs. Peter Fancher, (Hannah Waterbury) (40) and her husband, also removed to the new locality which was later to become known as Nassau, Rensselaer County, as did his sister, Anna (41) who married Joel Valentine and others of the family.

Daniel, Jr., established himself upon a farm in the new locality and was living there with his wife and two oldest sons at the time of the census of 1790. Later he removed to Andes, N. Y., where his death occurred October 5, 1847. His wife had died November 18, 1838. Their children were:*

*The children of Hannah (Waterbury) and Peter Fancher were: Seth Fancher who m. 1st Abble Boughton and 2nd Sarah Osbourne; Joseph Fancher who m. Nancy Potter; Jonathan Fancher who m. Gula Hicks of Elm Springs, Pa.; Rachel Fancher, b. Jan. 16, 1799; who m. Lewis Fancher, a cousin; Anna Fancher, who m. Ira Fancher, a cousin; Hannah Fancher, who m. Shubal Boughton; Hori Fancher, b. Feb. 21, 1801, m. May 24, 1826, Betsey Waterbury; Chauncey Fancher, b. Dec. 19, 1804, m. Mary Dearstyn; Alceus Fancher, b. Feb. 14, 1811, m. Jan. 1, 1834, Maria Dietz, daughter of John and Barbara (Warner) Dietz, who was b. Oct. 23, 1816 at Berne, N. Y. and d. Jan. 28, 1893; Arza Fancher, m. Lucia Cartwright; Alvah Fancher, died at age 21, unmarried. Peter Fancher's family removed from Nassau, N. Y., to Berne, N. Y., sometime following 1801. Hori Fancher, m. May 24, 1826, at Nassau, N. Y. Betsey Waterbury, daughter of Joseph and Mary M. (Northrup) Waterbury, who was b. at Nassau, July 28, 1805, and who d. at Whitelaw, Madison County, N. Y., October 17, 1893. Mr. and Mrs. Hori Fancher had 13 children; the parents lived successively at Berne, Lennox and Sullivan, N. Y.

**The records of the christenings of the first seven of Daniel Waterbury's children appear upon the records of the Church of Christ, Salem, Westchester County, N. Y., as follows: John, May 8, 1763; Daniel, Sept. 27, 1764; Jonathan, May 25, 1766; Hannah, May 7, 1769; Anna, November 20, 1771; David, June 4, 1773; Mercy, April 3, 1775. The baptisms of Joseph (44) and Betsey (45) do not appear upon the church records, probably due to the fact that the continuous turbulence of the community incident to its location between the lines of the Revolutionary and British forces interfered both with the church ceremonies and church record keeping.

*These entries are from the Bible of Daniel Waterbury. All the last names were spelled Waterbery until the last entry, the name of Calvin being entered as "Waterbury" in accordance with the modern spelling.

Seventh Generation

- (45) I. Lewis, b. July 25, 1787.
- (46) II. Talmage, b. June 11, 1789.
- (47) III. John, b. March 25, 1791.
- (48) IV. Daniel, b. November 10, 1793.
- (49) V. James Stevens, b. March 15, 1796.
- (50) VI. Ezra, b. March 15, 1798.
- (51) VII. David Stevens, b. March 23, 1800.
- (52) VIII. Samuel, b. May 21, 1802.
- (53) IX. Calvin, b. June 16, 1804; lived less than year.
- (54) X. Mary Ann, b. May 19.
- (55) XI. Calvin, b. April 21, 1807 (second of name).

(44) **JOSEPH WATERBURY***, youngest son of Daniel (36) and Ann (Bouton) Waterbury was born October 14, 1778 at Pound Ridge, Westchester County, N. Y. No record of his baptism appears upon extant records of the Church of Christ there. He removed with his parents to the vicinity of Nassau, N. Y. and upon the attainment of his maturity engaged in farming there. At the time of the death of his brother, Jonathan Waterbury, in 1825, Joseph was then living upon the farm belonging to Jonathan which had formerly belonged to Jonathan's father, Daniel Waterbury. He died at Nassau, N. Y., March 29, 1829.

Joseph Waterbury married Mary Northrup, October 3, 1798. Their children, all born at Nassau, N. Y.:

Seventh Generation

- (56) I. Harvey, b. 1799.
- (57) II. Stephen
- (58) III. Eunice; m. Jehiel Boughton, b. about 1796, January 22, 1822. They settled near Half Moon, now known as Crescent, N. Y.
- (59) IV. Betsy; married Hosea Fancher.
- (60) V. Rhoda.
- (61) VI. Joseph, Jr., removed to Kansas.
- (62) VII. Levi.
- (63) VIII. Alva, b. 1822; became father of Rev. Stephen Dwight Waterbury (2) of Knowlesville, Orleans County, N. Y.; also of Edwin (3) Ella and (4) Emma.
- (64) IX. Seth, died while young.

*For further information as to Joseph Waterbury (44) and his descendants see later chapter of this book devoted to his descendants.